Independent Checksheets Independent Checksheet Foundation

CHECKSHEET OF 13 MARCH 2010

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THE STUDENT HAT

HAT: On a train, a locomotive engineer and a conductor each wears a different kind of hat. You will notice that various jobs in the society are designated by different hats. From this we get the word "hat" as a slang term meaning one's specialized duties.

NAME:	ORG:
POST/OCCUP	ATION:
DATE STARTE	D: DATE COMPLETED:
PREREQUISIT	ES: None (Method 1 Word Clearing is Recommended).
MATERIALS:	The Student Hat Course Pack The Study Tapes

LENGTH OF COURSE: Three weeks full time (eight hours per day, five days per week).

PRODUCT: The end product of this course is: an able student who knows how to study. He is a student who has the know-how and tools to be able to study and apply the materials of any course and will do so.

SEQUENCE: This checksheet is studied once through in the sequence listed on the checksheet.

CERTIFICATE: Upon successful completion of this course, the student may be awarded the certificate of HUBBARD GRADUATE OF STUDY TECHNOLOGY.

R-FACTOR: YOU ARE EXPECTED TO APPLY THE STUDY TECHNOLOGY AS YOU LEARN IT TO YOUR IMMEDIATE STUDIES. YOU ARE EXPECTED TO DEMONSTRATE YOUR ABILITY TO APPLY THE COURSE MATERIALS BY USING THE STUDY TECH ON THE COURSE ITSELF.

You must see for yourself whether this data is true or not through direct application. A datum is true because it works and because you've seen that it is true, not just because someone says it is true.

The value of your future studies is dependent upon how well you do this course. A good, practical grasp of these materials will ensure you success in all future study.

Whenever a theory item on a checksheet is marked with a star (*), it means the item is to be star-rate checked out. A "star-rate checkout" is defined as "A very exact checkout which verifies the full and minute knowledge of the student of a portion of study materials and tests his full understanding of the data and ability to apply it." (Reference: HCOB 21 Sept. 70R, STUDY DEFINITIONS) A checkout is done either by another student or, on selected issues, by the Supervisor himself.

IMPORTANT NOTE: In doing this course, be very certain you never go past a word you do not fully understand.

The only reason a person gives up a study or becomes confused or unable to learn is because he or she has gone past a word that was not understood.

The confusion or inability to grasp or learn comes AFTER a word that the person did not have defined and understood.

Have you ever had the experience of coming to the end of a page and realizing you didn't know what you had read? Well, somewhere earlier on that page you went past a word that you had no definition for or an incorrect definition for.

Here's an example. "It was found that when the crepuscule arrived the children were quieter and when it was not present they were much livelier." You see what happens. You think you don't understand the whole idea, but the inability to understand came entirely from the one word you could not define, *crepuscule*, which means twilight or darkness.

It may not only be the new and unusual words that you will have to look up. Some commonly used words can often be misdefined and so cause confusion.

This datum about not going past an undefined word is the most important fact in the whole subject of study. Every subject you have taken up and abandoned had it's words which you failed to get defined.

Therefore, in studying the materials of your course, be very, very certain you never go past a word you do not fully understand. If the material becomes confusing or you can't seem to grasp it, there will be a word just earlier that you have not understood. Don't go any further, but go back to BEFORE you got into trouble, find the misunderstood word and get it defined.

If you run into trouble, get help from the Supervisor.

SECTION I: ORIENTATION AND BASICS

*	1.	HCOB 21 Sept. 70R Rev. 19.3.91	Study Series 1R STUDY DEFINITIONS	 	
	2.	HCOB 2 June 71 I	Study Series 2 CONFRONTING	 	
	3.	HCOB 22 July 71 II	Study Series 3 CONFRONTING, ADDITION	 	
*	4.	HCO PL 23 July 81R I Rev. 10.1.84	Study Series 12 THE USE OF DEMONSTRATION	 	
	5.	following: Choose some ac are familiar. Give an examp encounter in it, in which us Now do the same thing sho	a short written exercise) on the ctivity or subject with which you ble of a circumstance you might se of a demo kit might help you. owing how sketches might help Turn your write-up in to the		
	6.	•): Using a demo kit, show what emo kit is and how it helps a	 	
	7.		thich you could use to explain to the course room to where you the supervisor.	 	
*	8.	HCOB 25 June 71R Rev. 25.11.74	Word Clearing Series 3R BARRIERS TO STUDY		

	9.		ev. 26.2.89	THE MISUNDERSTOOD WORD DEFINED	 	
	10.		ACTICAL: Give an exa Supervisor:	mple of each of the following to	 	
		1.	A false (totally wrong)	definition.	 	
		2.	An invented definition		 	
		3.	An incorrect definition		 	
		4.	An incomplete definition	on.	 	
		5.	An unsuitable definition	on.	 	
		6.	A homonymic definition	n.	 	
		7.	A substitute (synonym	n) definition.	 	
		8.	An omitted (missing) of	definition.	 	
		9.	A no-definition.		 	
		10.	A rejected definition.		 	
	11.	cou	•	erent examples of how a word or not understood. Turn your	 	
*	12.		OB 13 Feb. 81R Rev. 25.7.87	Word Clearing Series 67R DICTIONARIES	 	
	13.	boo word of the Feb you define a si whice you	k from the course room d you do not fully under he eight recommended at 81R, Word Clearing find yourself running nitions which you do not impler dictionary. Base th dictionary is the cor	cyclopedia or other reference. Look through it until you find a retand. Look it up in at least four dictionaries listed in HCOB 13 Series 67R, DICTIONARIES. If into too many words in the ot understand, clear them up in ed on this exercise, determine rect gradient for you and suits one, write up what you did and Supervisor.		
*	14.	HC	OB 19 June 72	Word Clearing Series 37 DINKY DICTIONARIES	 	
*	15.		OB 4 Sept. 71RA I Rev. 9.2.89	Word Clearing Series 22RA HOW TO USE A DICTIONARY	 	
	16.		ACTICAL: Do the follow using a dictionary.	ving steps to familiarize yourself	 	
		a.	Take a dictionary you practical exercise.	have selected in the previous	 	
		b.	Use the guide words dictionary to help you	at the top of each page of the find the word "sail."	 	

		C.	Look up the pronunciation	n of the word.	 	
		d.	Notice what part of sp definition.	eech is given for the first	 	
		e.	Read the first definition a	and any examples given for	 	
		f.	Read over the rest of the the definitions are special	e definitions. Note if any of lized or slang.	 	
		g.	Read the derivation.		 	
		h.	Read any idioms, sync given.	onyms or notes on usage	 	
		i.	Repeat the above step "fight," "wood," and "grade	os for the words: "dream," uate."	 	
*	17.			Vord Clearing Series 59RB CLEARING WORDS	 	
	18.		ev. 9.2.89	Vord Clearing Series 54 SUPERLITERACY AND THE CLEARED WORD	 	
	19.	PR.	ACTICAL:		 	
		a.	Read ahead in your courknow you don't know the	se pack and find a word you meaning of.	 	
		b.	Clear it exactly per HC Clearing Series 59RB, Cl	COB 23 Mar. 78RB, Word LEARING WORDS.	 	
		C.	Compare your understa when you first found the	nding of the word now to word in your course pack.	 	
		d.	•	nis time find a word in your re not totally certain that you	 	
		е.	Clear it exactly per HC Clearing Series 59RB, Cl	COB 23 Mar. 78RB, Word LEARING WORDS.	 	
		f.	•	prehension of the word now e word in your course pack.	 	
		g.	•	course pack you know, in the but for which there are other v.	 	
		h.	Clear it exactly per HC Clearing Series 59RB, Cl	COB 23 Mar. 78RB, Word LEARING WORDS.	 	
		i.	Compare your understa when you first found it in	nding of the word now to your course pack.	 	
		j.	•	learned from this practical rite-up in to the Supervisor.	 	
	20.	HCC		Vord Clearing Series 36 GRAMMAR		

21.	HCOB 4 Sept. 71 III	SIMPLE WORDS	
22.	HCOB 5 Dec.81R Rev. 7.10.84	Tape Course Series 7R SETTING UP AND USING A REEL-TO-REEL TAPE PLAYER	
23.		you do if you hear a word you don't listening to a taped lecture. Turn Supervisor.	
		BEEN METER CHECKED FOR ON THIS SECTION AND HAS CLEAN.	SUPERVISOR
	SEC	CTION II: WORD CLEARING	
1.	HCOB 1 July 71R I Rev. 11.1.89	Word Clearing Series 9R THE DIFFERENT TYPES OF WORD CLEARING	
2.	HCOB 7 Oct. 81R Rev. 30.8.83	Word Clearing Series 31RD METHOD 3 WORD CLEARING	
3.	HCOB 30 Jan. 73RE Rev. 30.8.83	Word Clearing Series 46RE METHOD 9 WORD CLEARING THE RIGHT WAY	
4.	word clear each other Clearing Series 3R, B, paragraph or section a	with another student and Method 9 er on HCOB 25 June 71R, Word ARRIERS TO STUDY. Do this one at a time on a turnabout basis until overed. Turn in your worksheets to	
5.	HCOB 24 Sept. 64	Word Clearing Series 33 INTRODUCTION AND EXAMINATION: RAISING THE STANDARD OF	
6.	SKETCH (to pass by S	upervisor):	
	a. The 1 st phenomer	non of a misunderstood.	
	b. The 2 nd phenome	non of a misunderstood.	
7.	HCOB 10 Mar. 65	Word Clearing Series 14 WORDS, MISUNDERSTOOD GOOFS	
8.	DEMO:		
	a. What happens who not understand.	nen one passes over a word he does	
	b. Now show what word that wasn't o	happens the moment he spots the grasped.	

		C.		appens when a person used he doesn't understand an is.				
*	9.	HCC	OB 31 Aug. 71R	Word Clearing Series 16R CONFUSED IDEAS				
	10.	som ALW	ething or believes there	rson has a confused idea e is some conflict of ideas, IT A MISUNDERSTOOD WO OF THAT CONFUSION."	'IS			
*	11.	HCC	OB 4 Sept. 71 II	Word Clearing Series 19 ALTERATIONS				
	12.	"AT	ACTICAL: Learn the following THE BOTTOM OF AL ACTION IS A MISUND	L ALTERATION OF MEANI	NG			
			en you can correctly red ach you pass.	cite this without any hesitation	n to			
*	13.	HCC	OB 23 June 71R	Word Clearing Series 1R THE SECRET OF FAST COURSES				
		MISU		EN METER CHECKED FO THIS SECTION AND HAS BE				
						SUPER	RVISOF	₹
			SECTION I	II: CLAY TABLE TRAINING				
*	1.	HCC	OB 11 Oct. 67	CLAY TABLE TRAINI	NG _			
*	2.		OB 10 Dec. 70RA I Rev. 25.7.87	CLAY TABLE WORK TRAINING	IN _			
	3.	CLA	` .	the Supervisor): Demonstrat	te a —			
	4.	CLA	AY DEMO (to a pass by	the Supervisor):				
		a.	Demonstrate a body					
		b.	Demonstrate a theta	n.				
		C.	Demonstrate the mir	nd.				
	5.	phys of m	siological manifestation	by the Supervisor): each of as which stem from an abse une 71R, Word Clearing Se /.	nce			
1.			2	3	_ 4			
5.			6	7	_ 8			
9.			10	11	_			
	6.	phys	siological manifestation	by the Supervisor): each of as which stem from too stee une 71R, Word Clearing Se	ра			

FOUND TO BE CLEAN.

SECTION IV: STAR-RATE CHECKOUTS

SUPERVISOR

(THE CHECKOUTS IN THIS SECTION ARE TO BE DONE ONLY BY THE SUPERVISOR.)

•	1.	HCO PL 4 Mar. 71 II	HOW TO DO THEORY		
			CHECKOUTS AND		
			EXAMINATIONS		

- 2. **ESSAY:** Review HCOB 23 Mar. 78RB, Word Clearing Series 59RB, CLEARING WORDS, and write an essay which covers:
 - a. An example of a specific rule, axiom, maxim or stable datum in the HCOB.
 - b. An example of a doingness detail given in the HCOB.
 - c. An example of a section of the HCOB which gives the theory of clearing words.

PRACTICAL: Review HCOB 25 June 71R, Word Clearing

Turn your write-up in to the Supervisor.

Series 3R, BARRIERS TO STUDY, and write down three		
examples of ways you could apply the following datum in a		
checkout: "Give the student a situation and have him tell		
you how he would handle it." Repeat this with HCO PL 23		
July 81RA I, Word Clearing Series 22RA, HOW TO USE A		
DICTIONARY. Add to your write-up why this is vital in		
doing checkouts. Turn your write-up in to the Supervisor.	 	

* 4. HCOB 24 Sept. 64 Word Clearing Series 33 INSTRUCTION AND EXAMINATION: RAISING	
THE STANDARD OF	

- * 5. HCO PL 4 Oct. 64 THEORY CHECKOUT DATA ____ ____
 - 6. **DEMO** (to the Supervisor): the system used in checking out technical materials on students or staff.

Point 1	 		Point 2	 	
Point 3			Point 4		

	Po	int 5	Point 6	
	7.	•	r): How you would shatter the dent who yet cannot apply what	
*	8.	HCO PL 21 Feb. 71RA Rev. 25.7.87	SUPERVISOR CHECKOUTS	
*	9.	HCO PL 3 Mar. 71	STAR-RATE OUTPOINTS	
*	10.	HCO PL 14 Mar. 71	ON GIVING CHECKOUTS	
*	11.	HCOB 22 Apr. 70R Rev. 2.8.89	CLAY TABLE DEMO CHECKOUTS	
			EN METER CHECKED FOR THIS SECTION AND HAS BEEN	SUPERVISOR
		SE(CTION V: TWINNING	oor Environn
*	1.	HCOB 21 Aug. 79	TWINNING	
*				
	2.	HCOB 24 May 68	COACHING	
	3.	PRACTICAL:		
		·	nother student for this practical.	
		b. Have your twin give you 24 May 68, COACHIN	ou a stat-rate checkout on HCOB G.	
		c. Give your twin a ch COACHING.	eckout on HCOB 24 May 68,	
	4.	something you know how you would apply each of the	teach somebody how to do to do. Describe specifically how he four points listed in HCOB 24 accomplish that objective. Turn ervisor.	
			EN METER CHECKED FOR THIS SECTION AND HAS BEEN	
				SUPERVISOR
		SECT	ION VI: STUDY TAPES	
*	1.	Tape: 6406C18 "Studying:	Introduction"	
	2.	DEMO: How willingness rel	ates to study.	
	3.	Essay: Write down five exopinion.	camples of a fixed idea or fixed	
	4.	DEMO:		
		a. The relationship betw understanding on a su		

		b. How fixed ideas affect the ability to have an opinion and exert judgment in a subject.
	5.	DEMO: The first barrier to crack on the subject of learning
t	6.	Tape: 6407C09 "Studying: Data Assimilation"
	7.	DEMO: What a careful student does when "he's reading down this paragraph and all of a sudden he wakes up to the fact he hasn't the foggiest clue what the devil he's reading about.
	8.	DEMO: Show why a person's failure to understand the nomenclature of a subject can lead him to feel he can't learn the subject or that it is incomprehensible.
	9.	DEMO: Why it is that "One unknown piece of nomenclature left behind you can absolutely ruin your comprehension of the whole thing.
	10.	ESSAY: You are studying a book. You encounter something which seems unbelievable to you. Explain what you should check first. Why is that the first thing you would check? If that did not resolve it, explain what you would do next. Why? Turn your write-up in to the Supervisor.
ŧ	11.	Tape: 6408C04 "A Summary of Study"
	12.	ESSAY: Give an example from your own experience or observation where a student was given too much significance and too little doingess and too little mass on the thing he was trying to learn. Then give an example where a student was given all the mass and doingness and no significance on the thing he was trying to learn. Explain what an optimum educational system would be in terms of the mass and significance given to students. Give a specific example of how that would work. Turn your write-up in to the Supervisor.
	13.	DEMO: What education should be and what it should result in for the person being educated.
ŧ	14.	Tape: 6408C06 "Study: Gradients and Nomenclature"
	15.	DEMO:
		a. A gradient.
		b. A gradient that has been overlooked or skipped or missed
	16.	ESSAY: You are reading a bulletin and find yourself getting very confused in the third paragraph and can't make any sense out of it. What should you do to handle this and why? Turn your write-up in to the Supervisor.
	17.	DEMO: Why attempting to with what a student is very confused about and unable to move forward into must be the wrong point of address, and what the correct point of address should be.
	18.	DEMO: How you locate the precise area in a person's studies where his trouble lies.

19.	Tape: 6408C11 "Study: Evaluation of Information"			
20.	DEMO: Show why if you are not observing something directly, then your understanding has to be superior to the understanding which would point of address, and what the correct point of address should be.			
21.	PRACTICAL:			
	a. Pick and object in the course room and look up and read the definition of this same object in a large dictionary. Note down on a sheet of paper what you learned from reading this.			
	b. Now, acquire knowledge about this same object by direct observation of it. Note down on the same sheet what you learned from observing it directly.			
	c. Compare what you learned from direct observation with what you learned from reading others' observations and experience in the dictionary. Turn your write-up in to the supervisor.			
22.	ESSAY: Write an essay on the truth of the datum that the day that marks a person's death is the day that he sits back and decides he knows everything there is to know about everything there is around him, and so there is no reason for him to observe anything anymore. How is this datum true for you? How can you apply this datum in life? How can you apply this datum in studying Scientology? Turn your write-up in to the supervisor.			
23.	DEMO: Why, in studying something, you must evaluate what you want that data for and how you will be using it.			
24.	Tape: 6408C13 "Study and Education"			
25.	DEMO: Show why subject for which the purpose is not delineated will die away in the society and in the individual.			
26.	ESSAY: Give five examples of a live study and five examples of a dead study. Then write down what would be the consequence of a person who was being taught a certain subject, who was not also being taught the purpose of that subject. Turn your write-up in to the Supervisor.			
27.	DEMO: Why the number of opportunities for a person to fail at something is directly proportional to the length of time that it is going to take to get the person up to the point where he is going to study the subject or activity.			
28.	PRACTICAL: Learn the following verbatim:			
	"The restoration of doingness depends only upon the restoration of the misunderstood word, the misunderstood definitions."			
	When you can correctly recite this without any hesitation to a coach, you pass.			
20	Tane: 6409C22 "A Review of Study"			

30.	ESSAY: Write down three examples you have seen that show why the continuation of a culture is entirely dependent on possessing a technology of study. Turn your write-up in to the Supervisor.			
31.	PRACTICAL: Learn the following verbatim:			
	"Your first lesson in learning something about study is to just learn how to observe. Just learn how to look at something."			
	When you can correctly recite this without any hesitation to a coach you pass.			
32.	PRACTICAL: Choose something in the course room that you want to learn something about. Go and observe it for several minutes, then feel it, listen to it, read something in a book about it (if available), and see what it relates to. Repeat this for two other items. When finished, write up what you did and what you learned. Include in your write-up how to apply this to a subject you are interested in in some other area of your life. Turn your write-up in to the Supervisor.			
33.	Tape: 6608C18 "Study and Intention"			
34.	ESSAY: How you can identify a suppressive rendition of a subject. Include what factors and manifestations would be present and what you should do if you run into one. Give an example you have observed. What made suppressive? Turn your write-up in to the Supervisor.			
35.	5. PRACTICAL:			
	a. Choose a subject which you have a purpose and intention to learn more about, which has some basic information on it in an encyclopedia available to you. Briefly study some of the data of this subject and study it for application.			
	b. Then choose a subject in that same encyclopedia which you have no real purpose or intention to learn. Study some of the data of this subject as though you			
	were going to be examined on it. Spend the same amount of time studying it as you did the first subject.			
36.	 amount of time studying it as you did the first subject. c. Write up what differences you noticed between studying both subjects and note down your own observations as to speed of learning, level of comprehension and ability to apply the data you 			
36. 37.	 amount of time studying it as you did the first subject. c. Write up what differences you noticed between studying both subjects and note down your own observations as to speed of learning, level of comprehension and ability to apply the data you studied. Turn your write-up in to the Supervisor. 			

	39.	substitution for understandin		
		THE STUDENT HAS BEEN METER CHECKED FOR MISUNDERSTOODS ON THIS SECTION AND HAS BEEN FOUND TO BE CLEAN.		
				SUPERVISOR
		SECTION VII	SCIENTOLOGY COURSES	
*	1.	HCO PL 16 Mar. 71R I Rev. 29.1.75	KSW Series 27 WHAT IS A COURSE	
	2.	HCO PL 16 Mar. 71R I, I COURSE? Write up the poi	course room you are in against KSW Series 27, WHAT IS A ints you find which conform to you find which do not conform in to the Supervisor.	
*	3.	HCOB 30 Oct. 78R I Rev. 3.8.83	COURSES – THEIR IDEAL SCENE	
	4.		for the standardness of any Turn your write-up in to the	
	5.	PRACTICAL: Compare the HCOB 30 Oct. 78R I, COUR If you observe any of the outhe PL in the course room handled immediately by ask up what you did on this expervisor.		
*	6.	HCO PL 21 July 81R I Rev. 25.7.87	WHAT IS A CHECKSHEET	
*	7.	HCO PL 4 Aug. 81R Rev. 30.8.83	PINK SHEETS	
	8.	DEMO: The purpose of a pin	k sheet.	
	9.	DEMO : How to coach another	er student on a pink sheet.	
*	10.	HCOB 8 May 69 I	IMPORTANT STUDY DATA	
*	11.	HCOB 19 Sept. 69	STUDY SLOWNESS	
*	12.	HCOB 13 Aug. 72RC Rev. 9.8.90	FAST FLOW TRAINING	
		THE STUDENT HAS BEE MISUNDERSTOODS ON TH FOUND TO BE CLEAN.	SUPERVISOR	
		SECTION VIIII STUD	DENT REGULATIONS AND ETH	
		OLOTION VIII. STUL	LITT ILLOCLATIONS AND ETH	
*	1.	HCO PL 15 Dec. 65R I Rev. 25.7.87	STUDENTS GUIDE TO ACCEPTABLE BEHAVIOR	

	2.	ESSAY: Choose any five points of the Student's Guide to Acceptable Behavior and give an example how each contributes to helping students learn the materials of their courses. Explain what can happen if each point is not observed. Turn your write-up in to the Supervisor.		
*	3.	HCO PL 4 Apr. 72R III Rev. 21.6.75	Word Clearing Series 48 ETHICS AND STUDY TECH	
	4.	DEMO: Why violations of st	udy tech are an ethics matter.	
		THE STUDENT HAS BEEN METER CHECKED FOR MISUNDERSTOODS ON THIS SECTION AND HAS BEEN FOUND TO BE CLEAN.		SUPERVISOR
		SECTION IX: KEE	EPING SCIENTOLOGY WORKING	i
		(Note: The follow important in all So item studied on a point on the Stud	ing policy letter is one of the most cientology. Ordinarily, it is the first ny checksheet. It is placed at this ent Hat so that the student will of knowing study tech before he	
*	1.	HCO PL 7 Feb. 65	KSW Series 1 KEEPING SCIENTOLOGY WORKING	
	2.	ESSAY (to the Supervisor Keeping Scientology Work example of what you wo Keeping Scientology Working		
	1. "Having the correct technology."			
		2. "Know the technology."		
		3. "Knowing it is correct."		
		4. "Teaching correctly the correct technology."		
		5. "Applying the technolo	gy."	
		6. "Seeing that the technology is correctly applied."		
		7. "Hammering out of exi	stence incorrect technology."	
		8. "Knocking out incorrect	et applications."	
		9. "Closing the door of technology."	on any possibility of incorrect	
		10. "Closing the door on in	ncorrect application."	
*	3.	HCO PL 14 Feb. 65	KSW Series 4 SAFEGUARDING TECHNOLOGY	
*	4.	HCO PL 22 Nov. 67RA Rev. 12.4.83	KSW Series 25 OUT-TECH	

*	5.		O PL 17 June 70RB I Rev. 25.10.83	KSW Series 5R TECHNICAL DEGRADES	
	6.			degrades listed in the above should be done about them.	
*	7.	HC	O PL 16 Apr. 65 I	KSW Series 22 THE "HIDDEN DATA LINE"	
	8.	DE	MO:		
		a.	A "hidden data line."		
		b.	The action you should not develop in your are	take to ensure that one does a.	
*	9.		O PL 9 Feb. 79R II Rev. 23.8.84	KSW Series 23R HOW TO DEFEAT VERBAL TECH CHECKLIST	
	10.	PR	ACTICAL:		
		a.	supervisor) has receive or Scientology. If he Verbal Tech Checklist	student (assigned by the ed verbal data about Dianetics has, use the How to Defeat to handle it. Write up what you ad turn your write-up in to the	
		b.	Scientology, handle it u Tech Checklist. Write u	you have received any verbal data on Dianetics or cientology, handle it using the How to Defeat Verbal ech Checklist. Write up what you did and the results and turn your write-up in to the Supervisor.	
		MISI	THE STUDENT HAS BEEN METER CHECKED FOR MISUNDERSTOODS ON THIS SECTION AND HAS BEEN OUND TO BE CLEAN.		
				SUPERVISOR	
	SECTION X: FINAL DRILL AND PRACTICAL				
	1. PRACTICAL:				
		a.	transcripts of the Stud sheet of paper of ever mentioned, such as the study, the barriers phenomenon of a mis sketching, etc. You sh	dent Hat Course pack and the y Tapes and make a list on a ry study tech tool and remedy e first obstacle to overcome in to study, gradients, first understood word, clay demos, nould have at least twenty-five e time you have reviewed you	
		b.	write down the tools o	tech tools you compiled above, r remedies you would apply in g situations and the specific in applying them.	
			1. You are reading a bodoping off.	book at home and find yourself	
			2. You are studying or are reading gets confus		

3. You are sitting at your desk trying to work out a new design for something.	 	
4. Your younger brother tells you he hates school.	 	
5. You are trying to clear a word in a dictionary but after reading the definition that fits the context of the word, you still don't understand it fully.	 	
6. You are doing Method 9 and the person you are word clearing is reading the material and being very stiff and robotic.	 	
7. You are trying to learn how to use a big complex piece of machinery.	 	
8. You are listening to a tape and you hear something which you find unbelievable.	 	
9. You are taking a course only because it was required for graduation from the school you are attending.	 	
10. You are trying to repair your motorcycle and when reading the repair manual you come across some terms that are not defined in the manual or in a dictionary.	 	
11. You are trying to learn how to use a sewing machine. Halfway through reading the manual, you get a headache.	 	
12. A fellow student started a course in the Academy a few weeks ago but tells you he now wants to quit.	 	
13. You are trying to learn a foreign language but just can't get it.	 	
14. You are doing Method 9 Word Clearing on someone and he gets upset.	 	
15. You are reading an HCOB and your eyes start to hurt.	 	
16. You have a new auditor who keeps making errors on a certain procedure.	 	
17. Your friend is taking a course in typing but says she already knows how to type.	 	
18. You are trying to learn how to use your new E-meter but there is something in the owner's manual which makes no sense to you.	 	
19. You are getting into a lot of word chains with the dictionary you are using.	 	
20. You are trying to learn how to do a new auditing technique but are very confused.	 	

When done, turn your write-ups in to the Supervisor.

SECTION XI: STUDENT COURSE COMPLETION

A. STUDENT COMPLETION:

	I have completed the requirements of this materials studied.	checksheet and I know and can apply the			
ST	UDENT ATTEST:	DATE:			
	I have trained this student to the best of m requirements of this checksheet and know				
ST	UDENT ATTEST:	DATE:			
В.	STUDENT EXAMINER:				
	Student has passed 100 percent on a write New Student Hat.	ten examination on the materials of The			
EX	AMINER:	DATE:			
C.	STUDENT ATTEST AT C&A:				
	I attest that.				
	a. I have studied and understood all the materials of this checksheet.				
	b. I have done all the drills on this checksheet.				
	c. I produce the results required in the materials of this course.				
	d. I can apply these materials to self and others to improve study duplication.				
ST	UDENT ATTEST:	DATE:			
C&	A:	DATE:			
	The student is awarded the certificate of HTECHNOLOGY.	IUBBARD GRADUATE OF STUDY			
(Ro	oute this checksheet to the Course Admin fo	or filing in the student's folder.)			
		Revision Completed by Independent Checksheet Compilations			
DK	:jw				

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